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FILE:

Office: NEWARK, NJ

Date:

MAR 29 2004

IN RE:

Applicant:

APPLICATION:

Application for Replacement Naturalization/Citizenship Document under Section 338

of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1149.

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT:



INSTRUCTIONS:

This is the decision of the Administrative Appeals Office in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

Robert P. Wiemann, Director Administrative Appeals Office **DISCUSSION**: The Application was denied by the District Director, Newark, New Jersey. The matter is now before the Administrative Appeals Office (AAO) on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The applicant is a native of Laos and a naturalized citizen of the United States. She seeks to have her Certificate of Naturalization corrected under section 338 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1449, to reflect a change in her date of birth from April 20, 1948 to April 20, 1944.

The district director reviewed the applicant's record and determined that the applicant's request was not justifiable. The application was denied accordingly.

Counsel asserts on appeal that the applicant recently became aware that she was born in 1944, rather than in 1948. Counsel asserts that the applicant provided incorrect birth date information for all U.S. immigration purposes, but that the circumstances of her case demonstrate that she did not do so with an intent to commit fraud or with an improper motive. Counsel submits the applicant's corrected birth certificate as well as an affidavit from the applicant's sibling, as evidence that the applicant's actual birth date is April 20, 1944. Counsel additionally requests oral argument before the AAO due to complex legal issues presented in the applicant's case.¹

Section 338 of the Act provides the statutory authority relating to the contents of a Certificate of Naturalization.

The specific regulations regarding the execution and issuance of Certificates of Naturalization are contained in 8 C.F.R. § 338.5, and provide, in part, that:

- (a) Whenever a Certificate of Naturalization has been delivered which does not conform to the facts shown on the application for naturalization, or a clerical error was made in preparing the certificate, an application for issuance of a corrected certificate, Form N-565, without fee, may be filed by the naturalized person.
- (e) The correction will not be deemed to be justified where the naturalized person later alleges that the name or date of birth which the applicant stated to be his or her correct name or date of birth at the time of naturalization was not in fact his or her own name or date of birth at the time of naturalization.

The record reflects that the applicant provided information indicating that her birth date was April 20, 1948, in all of her immigration documents, including her Application for Status as a Permanent Resident and her Application to File Petition for Naturalization. The AAO therefore finds that the applicant's Certificate of

¹ The AAO has sole authority to grant or deny a request for oral argument, and will grant such argument only in cases that involve unique factors or issues of law that cannot be adequately addressed in writing. *See* 8 C.F.R. § 103.3(b). Based on the reasons set forth in the body of the present decision, no cause for oral argument has been shown in the present matter.

Naturalization does not contain clerical errors and that the information on the applicant's Certificate of Naturalization conforms to the facts as set forth in her application for that document. Accordingly, there are no provisions under 8 C.F.R. § 338.5 to justify or allow for a Citizenship and Immigration Services (CIS) correction to the applicant's Certificate of Naturalization.

Because there is no clerical error in this case, only a federal court with jurisdiction over the applicant's naturalization proceedings has the authority to order that an amendment be made to the applicant's Certificate of Naturalization, after a hearing in which the Government is provided an opportunity to present its position on the matter. The AAO notes that such a hearing ensues pursuant to a motion to the court for an Order Amending a Certificate of Naturalization. See 8 C.F.R. § 334.16(b). See also, Chan v. Immigration and Naturalization Service, 426 F. Supp. 680 (1976) and Varghai v. Immigration and Naturalization Service, 932 F. Supp. 1245 (1996).

Section 334.16 states in pertinent part that:

334.16 Amendment of petition for naturalization.

(b) After Final Action on Petition. - Whenever an application is made to the court to amend a petition for naturalization after final action thereon has been taken by the court, a copy of the application shall be served upon the district director having administrative jurisdiction over the territory in which the court is located, in the manner and within the time provided by the rules of court in which the application is made. No objection shall be made to the amendment of a petition for naturalization after the petitioner for naturalization has been admitted to citizenship if the motion or application is to correct a clerical error arising from oversight or omission. A representative of the Service [CIS] may appear at the hearing upon such application and be heard in favor of or in opposition thereto. When the court orders the petition amended, the clerk of court shall transmit a copy of the order to the district director for inclusion in the Service file.

Based on the reasoning set forth above, the appeal will be dismissed without prejudice to the applicant's submitting a request to a U.S. Federal Court in accordance with the regulations set forth in 8 C.F.R. § 334.16.²

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.

² Counsel refers to several court cases, to support his assertion that the applicant's request to change her date of birth is justified. The AAO notes that all of the cases referred to by counsel involved federal court actions for amendments or corrections to certificates of naturalization.